Installation Guide







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IMPORTANT NOTICE

This manual contains suggestions and guidelines on how to install metal roof panels and trim details. The contents of this manual include the guidelines that were in effect at the time of publication. In an effort to keep pace with the ever changing code environment, Alpine Materials retains the right to change specifications and/or designs at any time without incurring any obligations. To insure you have the latest information available, please inquire or visit our website. Application and design details are for illustrative purposes only and may not be appropriate for all environmental conditions and/or building designs. Projects should be engineered and installed to conform to applicable building codes, regulations, and accepted industry practices.



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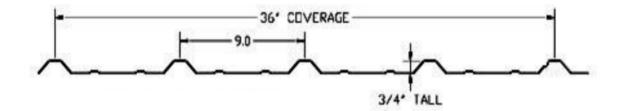


Introduction

The Alpine Panel is a leader in strength and durability. This popular and versatile panel features classic looks and and is used in a wide range of applications including residential, commercial, and post frame buildings. Alpine panels are made with strong trapezoidal ribs to increase strength and ease handling and installation. In addition, the anti-siphoning channel on the under-lap provides extra leak resistance in the presence of extreme wind and rain loads.

Alpine is available in many different paint colors in 28 gauge steel. It is also available in unpainted galvalume. Our paint system is covered by a limited warranty. Please see our color chart for details on our paint system.

The Alpine panel has a 36" coverage. The panel has five major support ribs at 3/4" high that add rigidity and strength to the panel.



Panel Installation Guide



Storage

If metal is not to be used immediately, store inside in a well ventilated, dry location. Condensation or other moisture can form between the sheets during storage causing water stains or white rust which detract from the appearance of the product and may affect the product's useful life. <u>Trapped moisture between sheets of painted metal can cause white rust to form underneath the paint</u>. This can cause the paint to flake off the panel immediately or several years later. To prevent white rust and staining, break the shipping bands on the material. Store the material on end or on an incline of at least 8" with a supporting board underneath to prevent sagging. Fan the sheets slightly at the bottom to allow for air circulation. Keep the sheets off of the ground with an insulator such as wood. <u>Any outdoor storage is at the customer's own risk</u>. If outdoor storage cannot be avoided, protect the metal using a canvas cover or waterproof paper. <u>Never cover the metal with plastic as this will cause</u> <u>condensation to form</u>.

Some Safety Precautions

Always wear protective gloves when working with steel panels to avoid cuts from sharp edges. When cutting or drilling steel panels, always wear safety glasses and sweep off any metal shavings immediately to prevent eye injury from flying metal fragments. If you must walk on a metal roof, take great care. Metal panels can become slippery, so always wear shoes with non-slip soles. Avoid working on metal roofs during wet conditions when the panels can become extremely slippery.

General Installation Information

Insure that the structure is square and true before beginning panel installation. If the structure is not square, the panels will not properly seal at the sidelaps. Start the first panel square to eave by using the 3, 4, 5 Triangle Method. Green or damp lumber is not recommended. Moisture released from the damp lumber may damage the metal panels. Nails installed in green or damp lumber may back out. Remove any loose metal shavings left on the roof surface immediately to prevent corrosion. After installing roof, remove any debris such as leaves or dirt to prevent moisture from getting trapped on panels.

Fastening

Screws - For best results, use a 1-1/2" washered wood screw in the flat of the panel as shown in the illustration below. Drive the fastener so that the washer is compressed securely against the metal. Do not over drive the fastener as this will form a dimple that can collect water and cause leakage. Do not leave any loose fasteners that have missed the purlin. Use a #14 stitch screw or caulk to fill the hole.

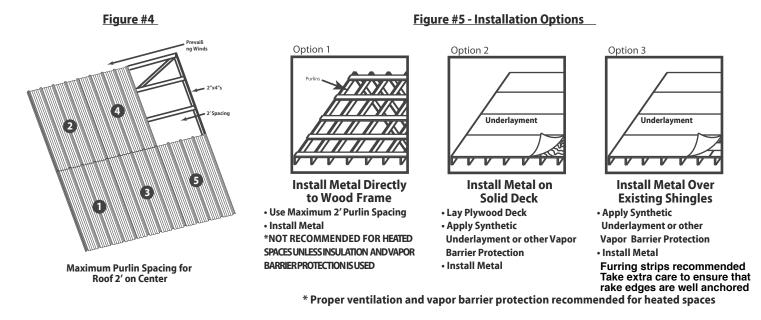
Figure #1 - Fastening for Alpine Panel	Figure #3
RECOMMENDED FASTENING PATTERN FOR 11/2" SCREWS	3/4" Oversized Antisiphoning Channel
المعالم ا المعالم المعالم ا	Purlin Bearing Leg

SCREWFASTENERS-INTERMEDIATESUPPORTS



Roofing

Slopes of less than 2.5" on 12" are not recommended. For slopes of 2.5" on 12" or greater, end lap panels 6". Side laps should face away from the prevailing wind. Lay the first sheet along the eave at the down-wind side of the roof, farthest away from the direction of the prevailing winds (See Figure #4). Install sheets in the sequence shown in Figure #4.



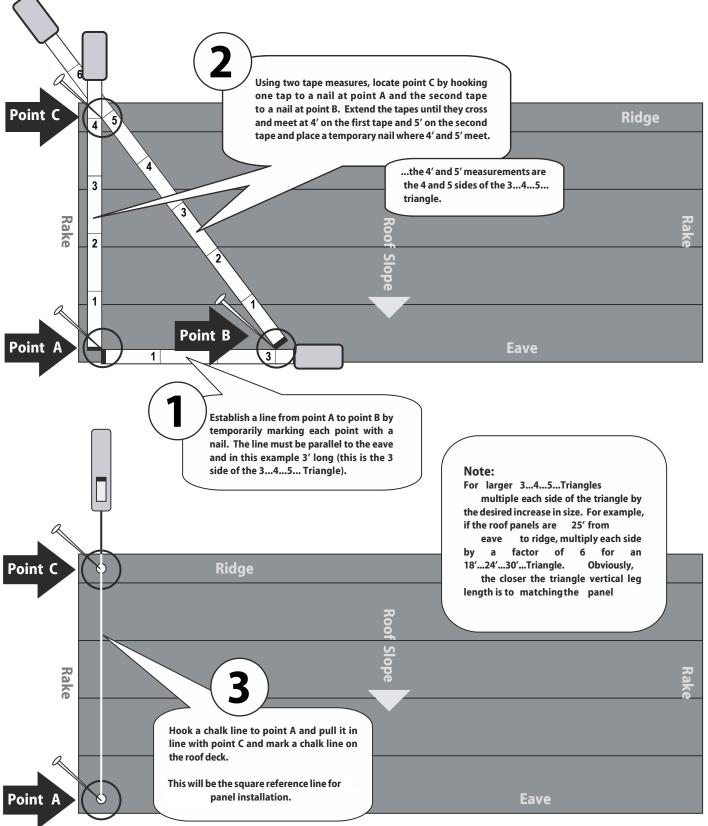
Allow an overhang a minimum of 1" at the eave to provide for a drip edge. Use inside closure at eave to prevent water infiltration, insect or bird infestation at openings. To protect against uplifting winds and to provide a finished appearance, apply gable trim. Apply fasteners every 6"-10". Optionally apply butyl tape as shown in Figure #6 along the top of lap ribs. Do not block the siphon channel with the tape. Also an option: apply a 3/4" or 7/8" lap stitch screw into the crown of the rib to secure the side lap. This is especially a good idea on roofs with a slope less than 4:12.

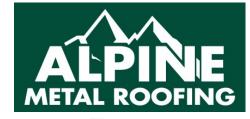
Figure #6 - Proper Application of Side Lap Butyl Tape



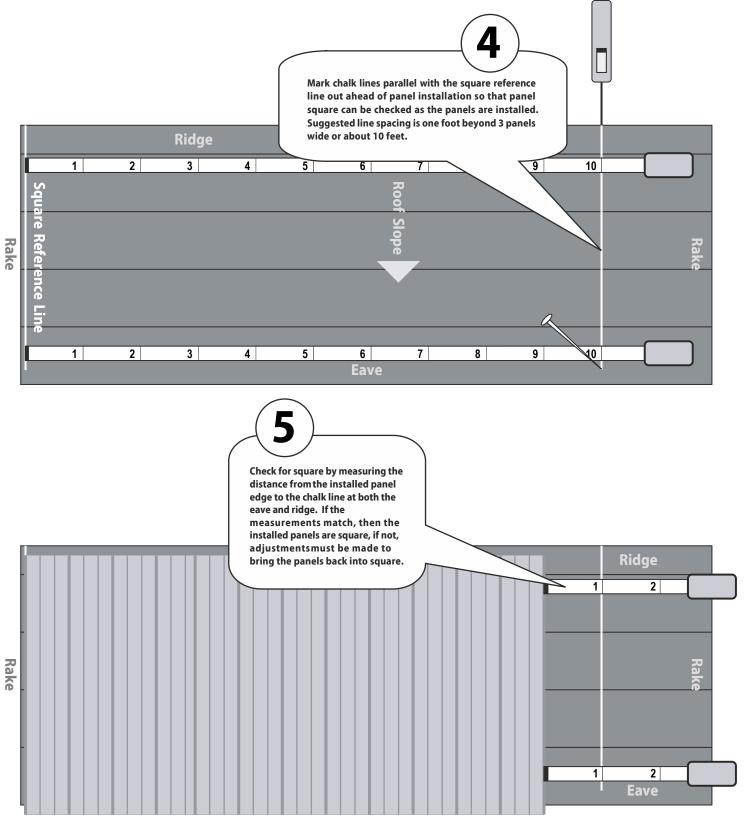


3...4...5...Triangle Method





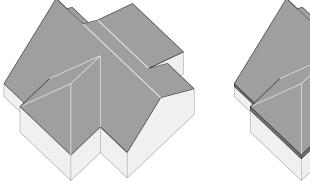
3...4...5...Triangle Method



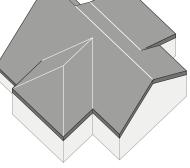


Installation Sequence

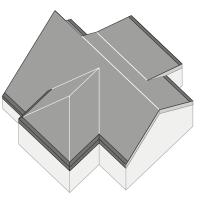
The following is an example of a typical sequence for the installation of Alpine panels and trims and is specific to the roof plan and conditions illustrated. The actual sequence may vary based on the specific roof plan and applicable conditions.



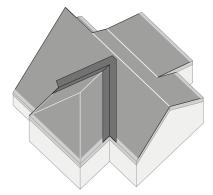
- 1. Moisture Barrier
- Install the Moisture Barrier per the manufacturer's



- 2. Fascia Trim (optional)
- Install the FasciaTrim along all eaves and rakes.

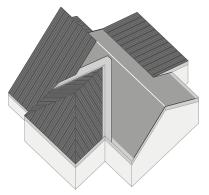


3. Eave Trim Install the EaveTrim along all eaves lapping over the FasciaTrim.



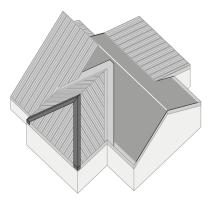
4. Valley Trim

Install the Valley Trim over the Eave Trim working from the eave to the valley peak.



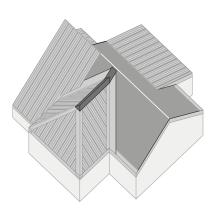
5. Alpine Panels

Install the panels over the Eave and Valley Trims. Do not install panels where the Ridge Trim laps under the panels.

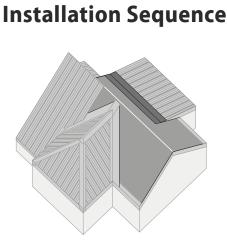


6. Hip Trim

Install the Hip Trim over the panels.

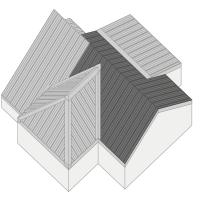


7. Ridge Trim Install the Ridge Trim over the Hip Trim intersection and valley peak.

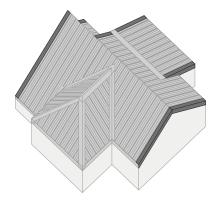


8. Transition Trim Install the Transition Trim over the low slope panels and moisture barrier.

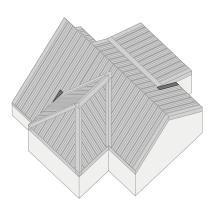




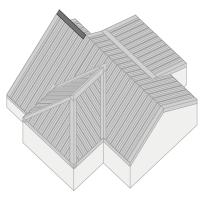
9. Alpine Panels Complete the panel installation installing the high slop panels over the Trim Transition and the other remaining exposed locations.



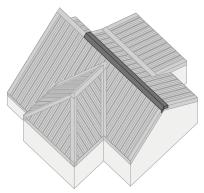
10. Gable / Rake Trim Install the Rake Trim over the panels along all rake (gable) edges.



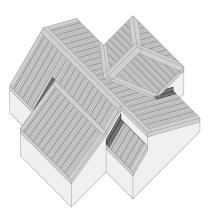
13. Side Wall Trim Install the Side Wall Trim over the panels.



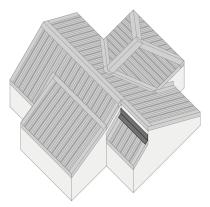
11. Shed Peak Install the High Side Peak Trim over the panels.



12. Ridge Trim Install the Ridge Trim over the panels.



14. Side Wall Trim (Rear View) Install the Side Wall Trim over the panels.



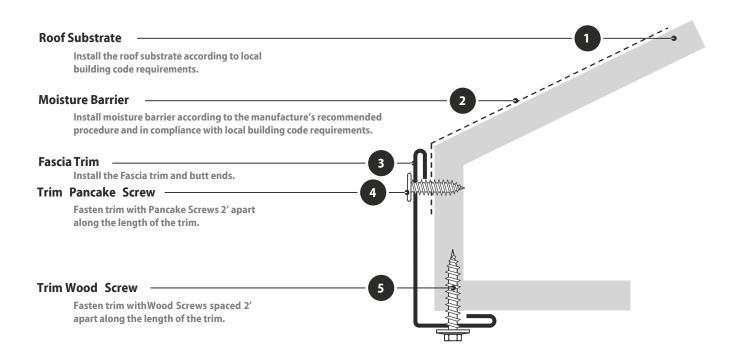
15. End Wall Trim Install the End Wall Trim over the panels.



Fascia

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.

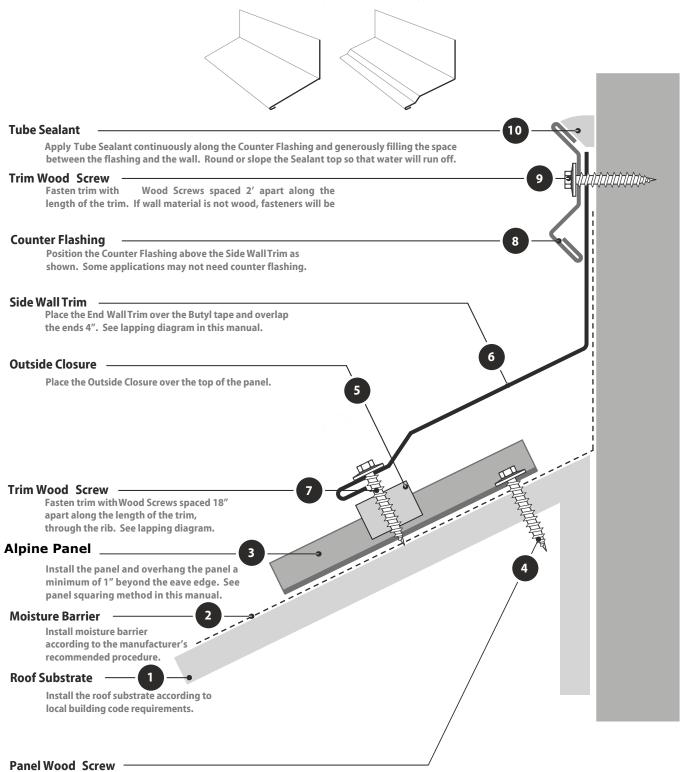




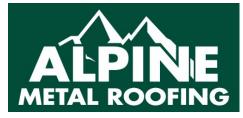


End Wall

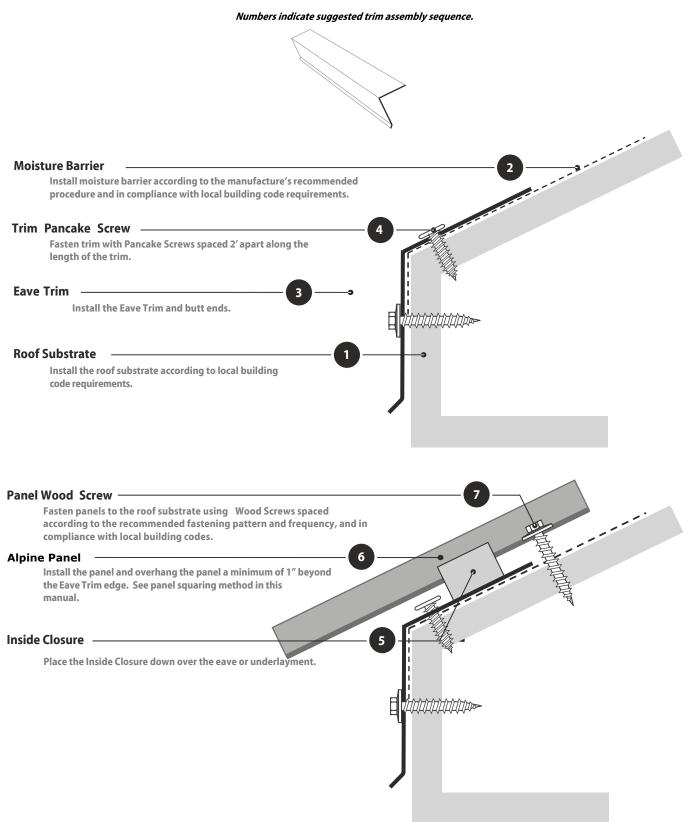
Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.



Fasten panels to the roof substrate using Wood Screws spaced according to the recommended fastening pattern and frequency, and in compliance with local building codes.



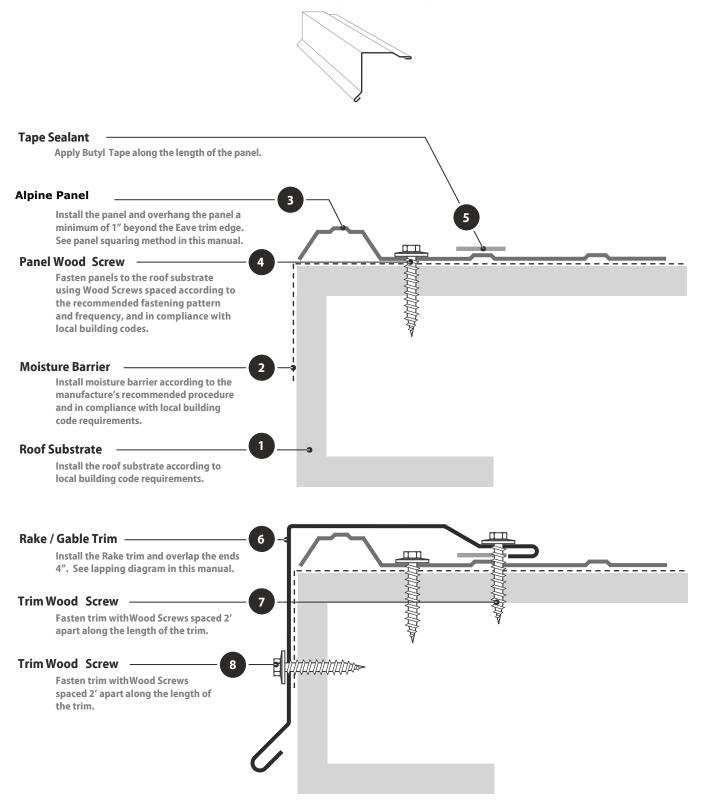
Eave Trim





Rake / Gable

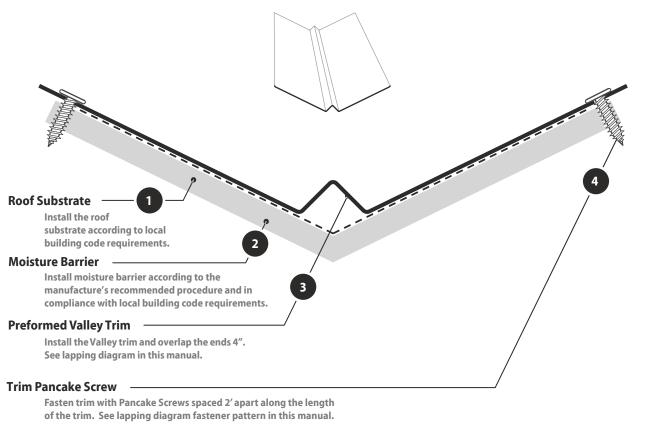
Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.

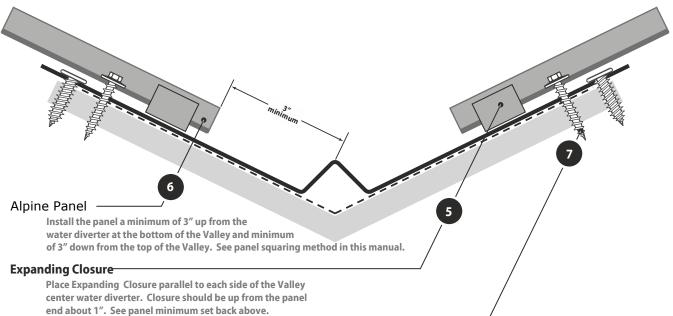




Preformed Valley

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.





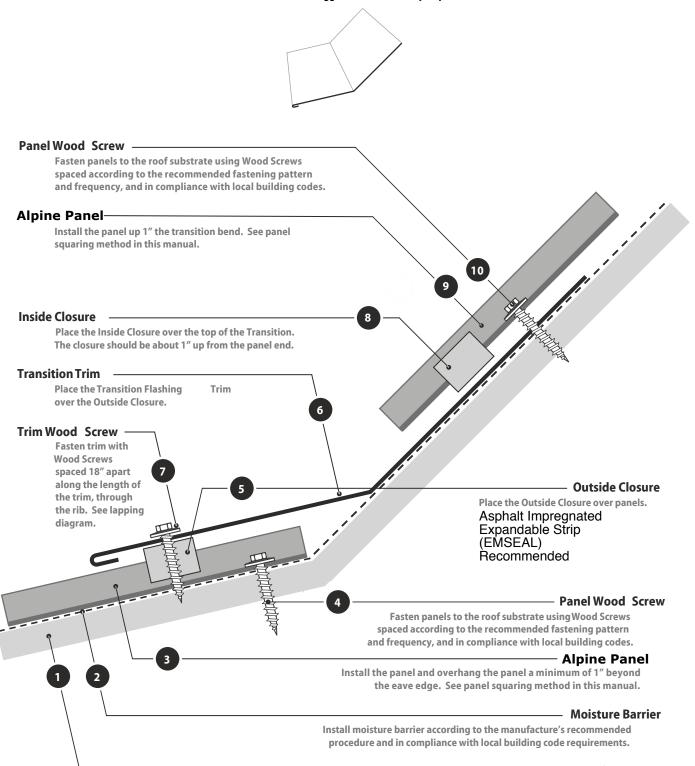
Panel Wood Screw

Fasten panels to the roof substrate using Wood Screws spaced according to the recommended fastening pattern and frequency, and in compliance with local building codes.



Transition / Pitch Break

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.

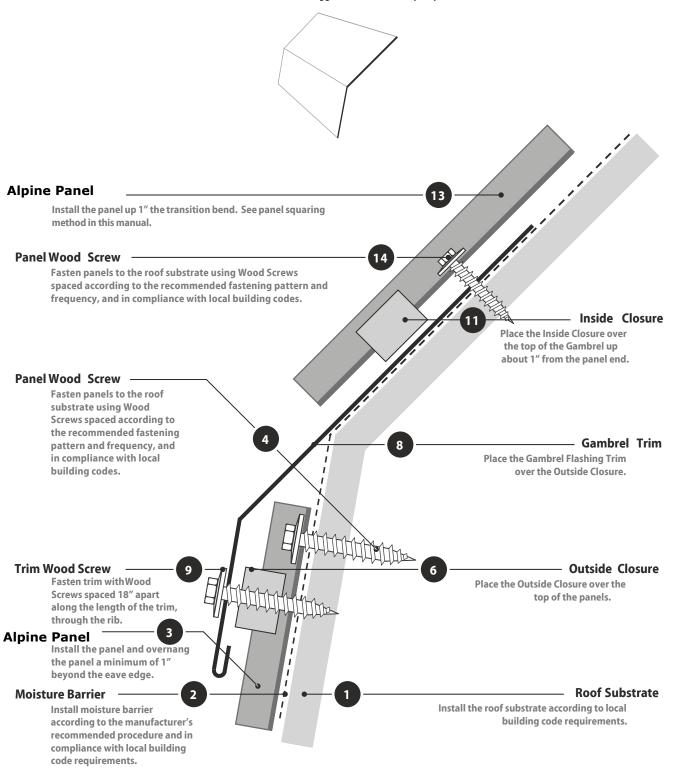


- Roof Substrate



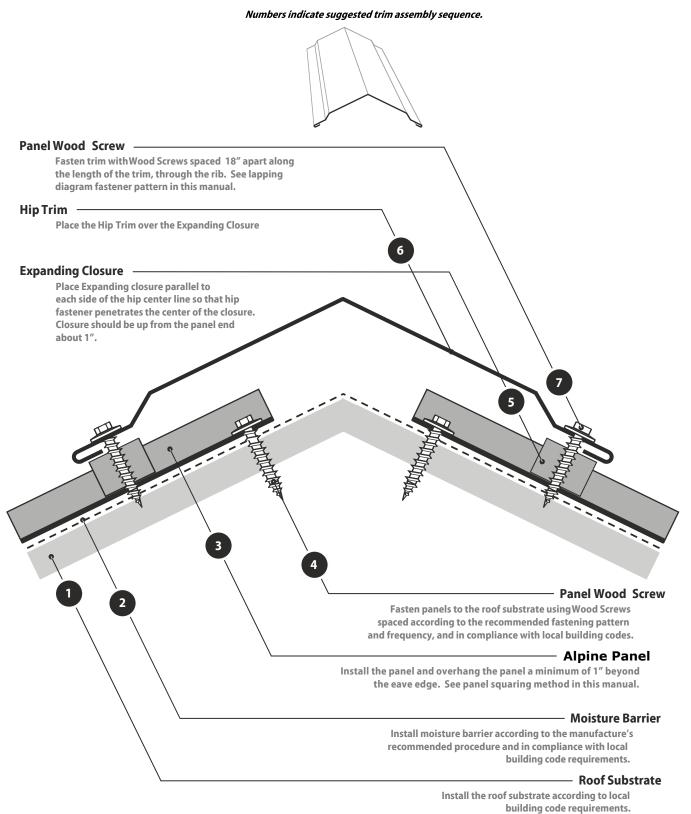
Gambrel

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.



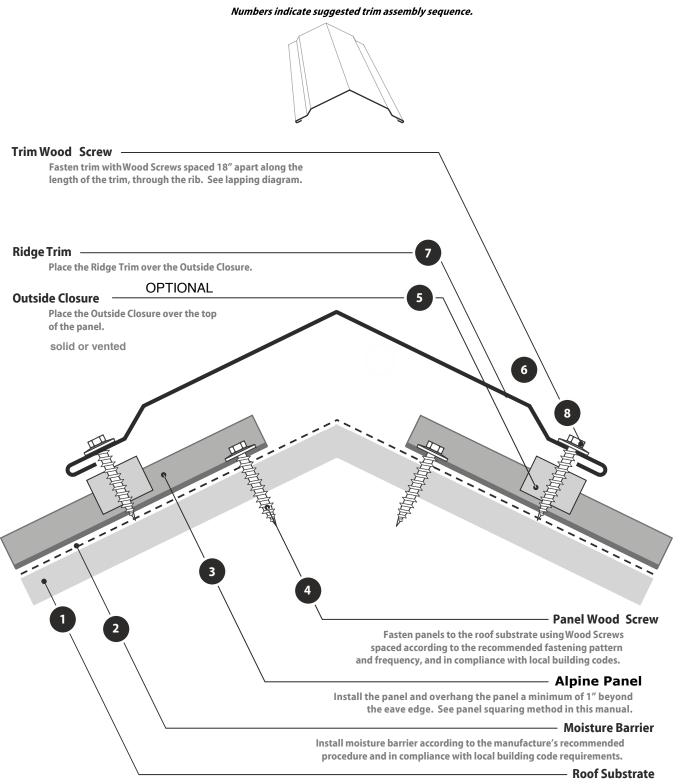


Hip





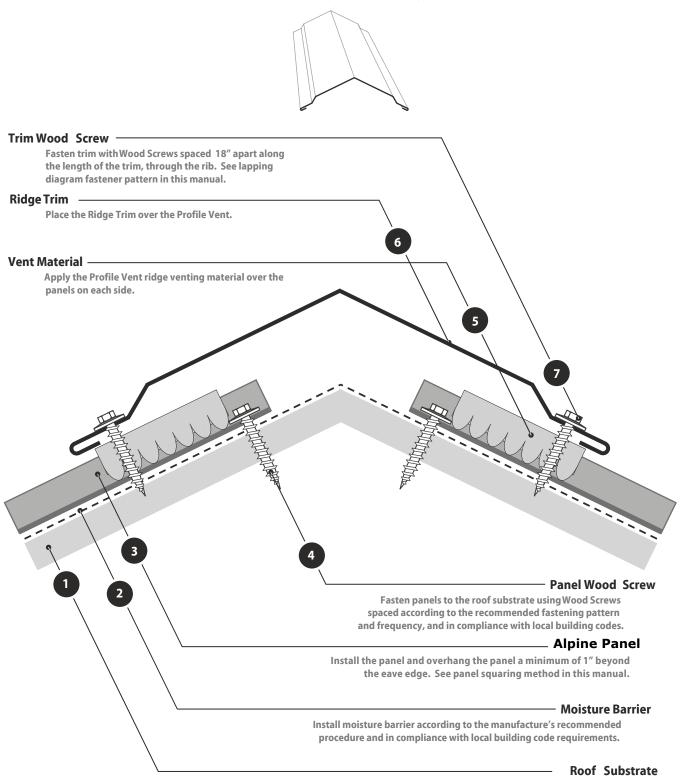
Ridge

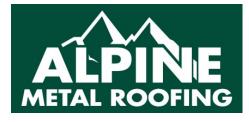




Vented Ridge

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.

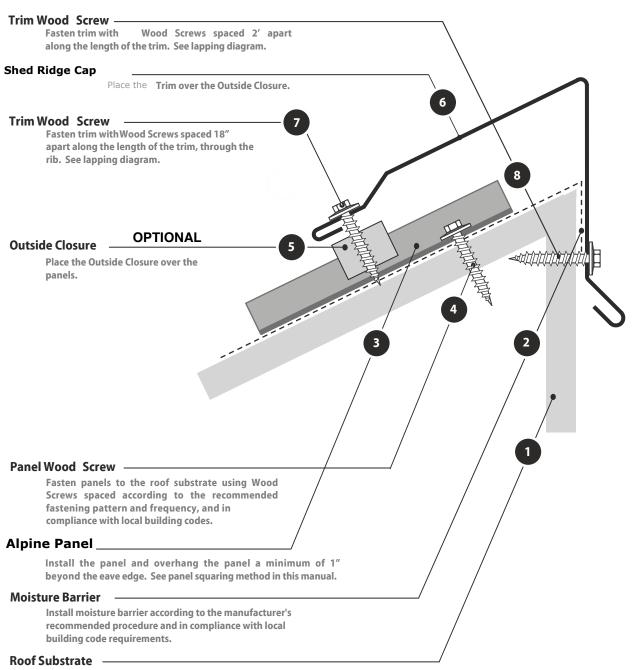




Shed Ridge Cap

Numbers indicate suggested trim assembly sequence.

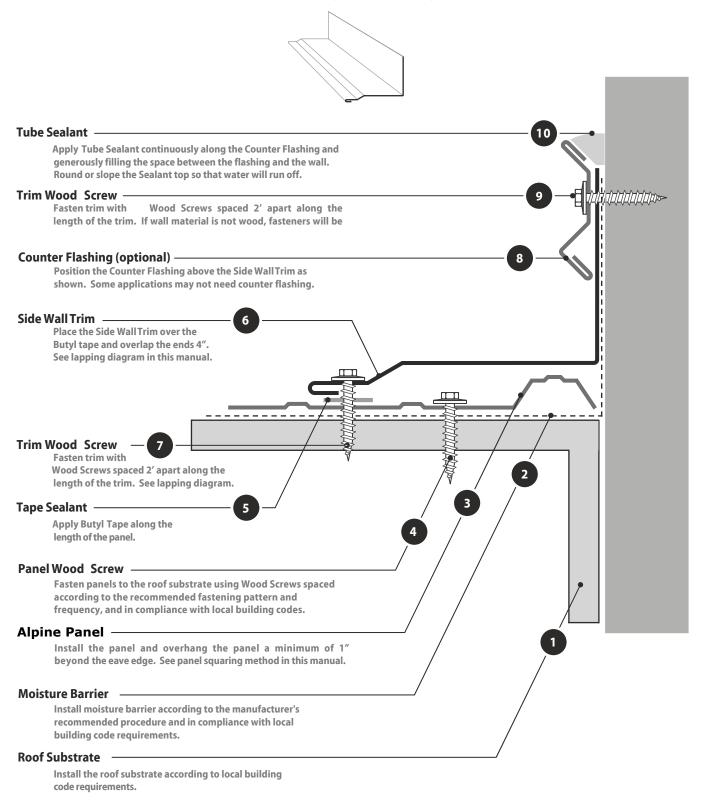






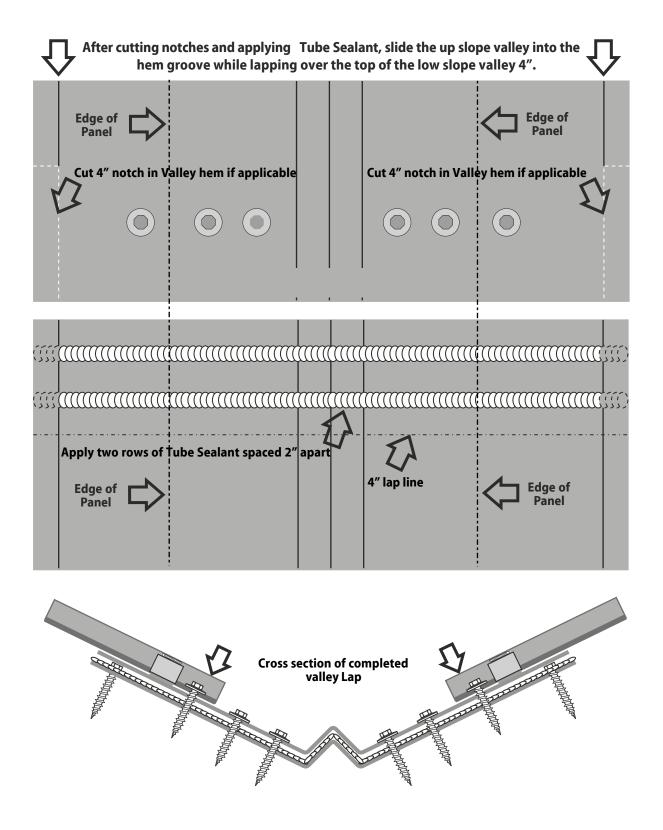
Side Wall







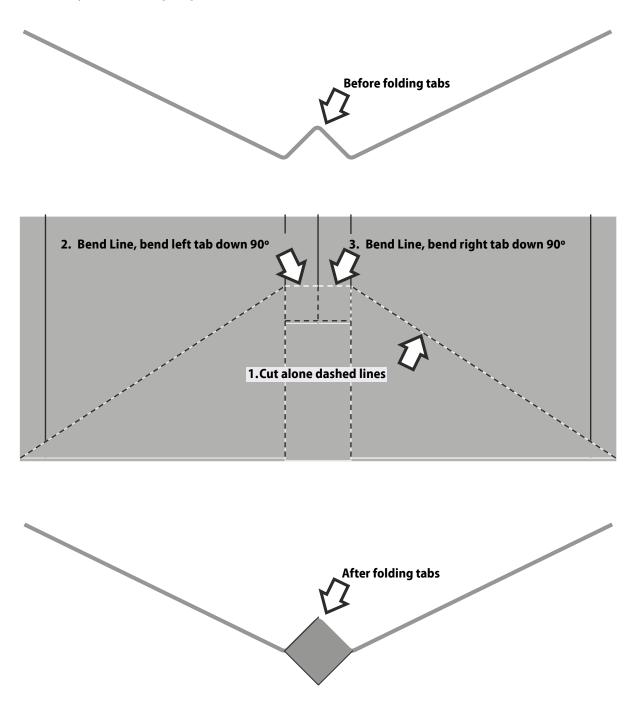
Valley Lapping





Valley Cutting

Valley starter cutting diagram with water diverter tabs.





Pipe Flashing

